CONCORD TOWNSHIP ZONING COMMISSION LAKE COUNTY, OHIO REGULAR MEETING

> Concord Town Hall 7229 Ravenna Road Concord, Ohio 44077

> > August 2, 2016 7:00 p.m.

TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

Zoning Commission members present:

Rich Peterson, Chairman Rick Gorjup, Vice Chairman Andrew Lingenfelter Frank Schindler Morgan McIntosh

Also Present:

Bruce Bullard, Zoning Inspector Heather Freeman, Planner

Melton Reporting

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7:02 p.m. 1 CHAIRMAN PETERSON: Good evening, all. I'd like to 2 call to order the Concord Township Zoning Commission meeting 3 for Tuesday, August 2, 2016. Tonight our primary agenda items 4 are a work session for potential zoning amendments for parking 5 updates. And in your packet, you should have five different 6 sections labeled 1A, 1B, 1C, 1D and 1E. Those are the items we 7 8 are going to go through tonight. Hopefully, you had a chance 9 to look those over. And we also have some supplemental information that Heather gave us here on parking updates from 10 other locations that we can use as a reference. 11 So I guess I will begin with 1A, if everyone takes 12 13 out 1A, Definitions, and these are, the following definitions are for consideration as they relate to the parking section. 14 And we have all of our common terms that we would use in here. 15 Does anybody have any questions or comments on these terms, and 16 17 that would be the definitions themselves? Everything look pretty straightforward? 18 19 And then there is a little more detail on pages 2 and pages 3 where we go into useable floor area and some of the 20 21 other more detailed definitions, vehicle, recreational vehicle, 22 so forth. Any discussion on any of those definitions? 23 MS. FREEMAN: Excuse me, Mr. Chairman. 24 CHAIRMAN PETERSON: Heather. MS. FREEMAN: I figured I could, I could walk, walk 25 26 us through, kind of, like what I had thought maybe we could talk about --27 28 CHAIRMAN PETERSON: That would be great. MS. FREEMAN: -- maybe in relationship to this to, 29 30 kind of, give you an idea where I was coming from.

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CHAIRMAN PETERSON: Okay.

MS. FREEMAN: So the definitions for the parking 2 section, we talked about last month that we probably should 3 consider creating some for some of the things that we regulate 4 in there just for increased clarity for users of the Code and 5 for staff, too. And so on page 1 here of the agenda item, 6 7 Definitions, these were what I was proposing as a draft that we 8 could consider for Concord when looking at some adjacent communities and some other models, including the Chagrin River 9 Watershed Partners. This is just a first attempt at what are 10 some of the terms that we should consider defining, and they 11 may change as we, kind of, work through this section. 12

13 And then the other subsequent pages, 2 and 3, these are our existing definitions that we have in the Zoning 14 Resolution that somewhat relate to any kind of parking or 15 streets or vehicles or anything that we, kind of, regulate in 16 the existing Section 29, Parking. So the first one is that 17 useable floor area and that's how we determine the minimum 18 19 number of required parking spaces per use that's in this Section 29. These other terms are already in the Zoning 20 21 Resolution. We may need to come back and look at these and 22 tweak them depending on if we make any changes to any of the 23 sections that they relate to.

And, actually, if I look at this right now, that definition of "commercial motor vehicle," it says, the last section of it says "primarily for profit with a maximum weight of 10,000 pounds." Actually, in the Resolution, it's gross vehicle weight of 10,000 pounds. So that's probably one thing right there that we probably should change because we're regulating the gross vehicle weight and not the vehicle weight. MR. GORJUP: So not maximum weight but gross.
 MS. FREEMAN: Maximum gross vehicle -- Well, yeah,
 with a maximum gross vehicle weight.

And then even on, like, the third page there, Bruce 4 and I were talking about these the other day in the office. 5 The street types, we may want to look at a couple other, like, 6 the American Planning Association's definitions on these 7 8 because, for example, the "cul-de-sac" definition, it talks 9 about serving several individual home sites grouped around the turnaround. Well, we could have cul-de-sacs in, you know, 10 nonresidential districts as well or for nonresidential uses, so 11 we may want to look at changing that definition there to not be 12 13 so specific to residential homes. There is the same thing for, like, a loop street. So I could look into some suggestions for 14 changing those. 15

16 CHAIRMAN PETERSON: Okay. Is it safe to assume on 17 this front page, the new proposed definitions, pretty much, are 18 benchmarked from other sources or were they created from 19 scratch?

20 MS. FREEMAN: These were looking at the Chagrin River21 Watershed Partners' model.

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CHAIRMAN PETERSON: Right.

MS. FREEMAN: And then we have a publication that's
put out by the American Planning Association that is strictly
all planning terms, definitions.

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CHAIRMAN PETERSON: Okay.

MS. FREEMAN: And then I looked at a couple
surrounding Ohio townships and, kind of, looked to see what
they were crafting. And some of those were written by
well-known consultants, planning consultants in the area.

CHAIRMAN PETERSON: So they're pretty standard then. MS. FREEMAN: Yeah.

CHAIRMAN PETERSON: Okay.

MS. FREEMAN: And then tweaking them for Concord. So
that was it really on the definitions at this point.
Obviously, we may go back to those or change things as we get
into looking at some of these more -- these other items in
detail.

9 The next item, the Units of Measure, this is the existing section of the text. What you see in red is what I 10 was suggesting that we change just to, to provide clarity on if 11 12 you are proposing a project, say, for example, like the Discount Drug Mart. When we reviewed that site plan, they had 13 multiple uses on the site and, when they calculated the 14 parking, you had to make sure it was the summation of all the 15 different individual uses in order to meet the parking. 16

So, basically, that's what this is saying. If you have multiple uses, the off-street parking areas, you have to provide parking in the amount equal to the combined total for each use. It's just putting it out there just to make sure we're covering, you know, the Township on that. Does that make sense?

23 MR. SCHINDLER: That makes sense. But I understand 24 there is a push to do things more in ecology with nature and do 25 away with parking spaces, if at all possible, and put in more 26 green space and stuff to help with water, you know, retention 27 and all that stuff.

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MS. FREEMAN: Right.

MR. SCHINDLER: Will this somehow achieve that? MS. FREEMAN: That won't, but there are some other

things that we were -- I was going to consider. And that's why 1 I gave you, also, the copy of the Chagrin River Watershed 2 Partners' model. They've got several good suggestions in here 3 that we could talk about, from putting a cap on, like, the 4 maximum number of parking spaces or putting like a range, like 5 here is the minimum, here is the maximum. You can go anywhere 6 7 in between. You can't go over or you can't go under. I have 8 seen some communities that allow you to do some range. So, 9 like, they will give you the standard and say, "We can do 10 percent less or 20 percent more. But if you want to vary more 10 than that, then you have to come get a variance." 11

Then there is other provisions for, like, the shared parking where, like, if you have two different uses that operate in two different times, you know, like a bank and a bar that's only open in the evening, if there is some written legal agreement where they would share those parking spaces, that might be a way to decrease the number of parking spaces out there.

MR. SCHINDLER: I think that's a good way to go because, many times, you can go around the shopping malls and there is hardly any cars in there and they've got miles of asphalt sitting there, you know, where maybe if they have a convention or something where they might need it, there is surrounding areas that I am sure that would be better for them to use just for that one instance, you know.

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MS. FREEMAN: Right.

27 MR. SCHINDLER: In the meantime, let them cut back so
28 you won't have to have so much impervious, you know, asphalt
29 out there that doesn't allow, like they talk about,
30 conservation and things of that nature.

MR. LINGENFELTER: Yeah. But during that two weeks
between -- right after Thanksgiving, you don't find a parking
space anywhere.

4 MR. SCHINDLER: Oh, I know. That's what I mean,
5 Thanksgiving, probably out of the whole year.

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MR. LINGENFELTER: Right.

7 MR. SCHINDLER: You know, there is places where they 8 have like, for example, on 84, sure, they've got the Great 9 Lakes Mall but then they've got the school right across the 10 street that has tons of parking over there that, in some ways 11 if there is an overflow, maybe the school would allow them to 12 use that. If we can set things up like that here as we're 13 doing Township Center, that would be great, in my opinion.

MS. FREEMAN: Uh-huh. And, actually, I quess we 14 could, kind of, skip to -- if you want to talk about that a 15 little bit more, if you look at the Chagrin's model, if you 16 have that here with you on page 7, 7 and 8, and then, actually, 17 if you flip to the packet that I had sent, that we mailed to 18 you, the agenda Item 1E, Alternative Parking Options, on the 19 second page there. Currently in our text, in Section 29.08, we 20 21 do have a paragraph that briefly touches upon the idea of off-22 street or shared parking between entities. It's a good start 23 but maybe we should consider providing some additional 24 safeguards, such as requiring that reciprocal agreement between 25 the two parties or maybe requiring them to show some kind of parking study that would validate the reason why they could do 26 27 the shared parking.

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MR. SCHINDLER: Sure.

29 MS. FREEMAN: And then maybe set -- and then set a
30 maximum percentage of the parking that could be -- that could

not be provided based on that agreement. And I thought Chagrin 1 River Watershed's model, kind of, had some good suggestions on 2 there that we could take into consideration if that's something 3 that we wanted to enhance. 4 MR. SCHINDLER: Yeah. I went through that briefly 5 and I thought it had a lot of good ideas there that I would 6 like to maybe see us consider for Concord, especially since 7 8 there is so much building going on now. 9 MS. FREEMAN: Like you said with the Town Center, are you talking? 10 MR. SCHINDLER: Yeah. 11 MS. FREEMAN: Or the Capital District? 12 MR. SCHINDLER: Yes. 13 MS. FREEMAN: I think that that's going to be 14 something that we probably want to encourage over there. 15 MR. SCHINDLER: Sure. Yes, most definitely. 16 17 MR. LINGENFELTER: I would rather have more parking than not enough. I've driven through a lot of quaint towns 18 that had no parking and I drove through them because there was 19 no place to park. It's nice -- I think I would rather have --20 21 Have you ever been to downtown Willoughby when it's crowded? 22 MR. McINTOSH: I was going to say, Friday night, 23 downtown Willoughby. 24 MR. LINGENFELTER: Ever been to Chagrin Falls when it's crowded? Ever been on Coventry when it's crowded? 25 26 MR. GORJUP: That's because they were grandfathered. 27 MR. LINGENFELTER: Right. 28 MR. GORJUP: That was then, when they didn't have --29 MR. McINTOSH: Right. 30 MR. GORJUP: -- rules and laws and regulations. Now

it's a little bit --1 MR. LINGENFELTER: But you try to go to some of those 2 places --3 MR. GORJUP: Right. I understand. 4 MR. LINGENFELTER: -- and have dinner or go shopping 5 and there is no place to park and then what do you do? 6 Then 7 you've got --8 MR. SCHINDLER: I know, on weekends, it's like that, 9 it seems like, of course. MR. LINGENFELTER: 10 Right. MR. SCHINDLER: But during the week, none of that is 11 that bad. And if you go -- I know you said Willoughby. If you 12 go around the streets, not on the front street but behind 13 there, there is alternate parking back there that they have 14 available. 15 MR. LINGENFELTER: I was downtown last Wednesday for 16 the Nat's game and it was a 12:00 game. 17 MR. SCHINDLER: Yeah. 18 19 MR. LINGENFELTER: All the parking lots were full. MR. SCHINDLER: Really? 20 21 MR. LINGENFELTER: In downtown Cleveland, I mean, 22 every lot. 23 CHAIRMAN PETERSON: Yeah, during the day. 24 MR. LINGENFELTER: Yeah, because it was during the 25 day. You had all the people that were down there for work and 26 then there was a lot of people down there for the game and 27 there was no place to park. I drove around for quite a while 28 looking for parking lot that didn't have a "full" sign in front of it. 29 MR. GORJUP: And that was five miles away. 30

MR. LINGENFELTER: Yeah. I could have parked down at 1 the Wolstein Center. 2 MR. GORJUP: Right. 3 MR. LINGENFELTER: And hoofed it for a mile or two, 4 yeah. I would rather, I would rather make sure that we have 5 enough parking or, at least, adequate parking for the 6 businesses that we have. 7 8 MR. GORJUP: Do we have, right now, do we have a 9 minimum based on a project coming in? MS. FREEMAN: Right. 10 MR. GORJUP: Like the Drug Mart. Is there a maximum? 11 MS. FREEMAN: No. 12 13 MR. GORJUP: No, okay. CHAIRMAN PETERSON: Well, I think a good example is 14 Grist Mill. There is plenty of parking over there at all 15 times. I've never not been able to find a parking spot there. 16 17 And that serves a dozen different businesses. So that seems to work out pretty good. It's not too much and it's not too 18 little. It's a pretty good balance. 19 MR. LINGENFELTER: Yeah, I would agree with that. 20 21 Grist Mill is --22 CHAIRMAN PETERSON: So how do they calculate that, 23 Heather, when -- if you are going to have 10 stores in there? 24 Do you go by the -- a maximum that they might expect to use and 25 come up with a total or --26 MS. FREEMAN: Well, currently, in the text, actually, 27 if we look at 1C, the item that has the table here. 28 CHAIRMAN PETERSON: Okay. MS. FREEMAN: I am not sure originally where these 29 30 numbers were generated from but I am sure they refer to similar

sources, like from the American Planning Association, even like 1 the International Traffic Engineers, but it's based on the type 2 of use. So if you're doing -- Well, right here, single-family 3 dwelling, you have to have two enclosed parking spaces and a 4 minimum of 500 square feet. Just go to like some -- A church 5 would have to have one parking space for every three seats in 6 the church. And then, like, retail uses are based on, 7 8 basically, the square footage of the, of the space. So if you 9 are going to build a retail strip center and you have 10,000 square feet of retail, then you divide that by the 250 and 10 that's how many spaces you need. But we've been seeing that 11 they usually -- it's not enough. They want more. They're 12 13 always providing more because either they feel there is a need for it or, I mean --14 MR. GORJUP: Rather safe than sorry --15 MS. FREEMAN: Probably. 16 17 MR. GORJUP: -- by having more spaces than just the minimum. 18 MS. FREEMAN: Uh-huh. I guess there is mixed 19 feelings on how that really works, you know, for a community. 20 21 I mean --22 MR. GORJUP: You don't want them to have a big 23 parking lot with a few small stores. 24 MR. LINGENFELTER: Well, I think, I think, you know, 25 a good example was when we approved the Fioritto dental 26 facility on Auburn and Girdled Road there. When they came in 27 with their original plan, they had some pretty creative -- And 28 it was unprompted, really. There was no -- We had no real requirements at that time but they came in with some pretty 29 creative drainage solutions with, you know, with --30

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MR. McINTOSH: Retention pond.

MR. LINGENFELTER: Yeah, reten -- Well, they had --2 It wasn't just a retention pond. It was, you know, 3 specifically around the areas along the road where there were 4 going to be, instead of culvert ditches, they were putting in 5 indigenous plants and, you know, certain types of soils and 6 things that would absorb water and retain water and produce, 7 8 you know, a more beneficial effect from a stormwater 9 standpoint.

And I think, I think you could accomplish the same 10 thing with a big parking lot. You could require, you know, 11 that type of system, drainage systems or islands, instead of 12 13 having islands with grass and trees planted on them, you know, which usually cause problems versus I would rather see them put 14 in, you know, some sort of, if they're going to have to put 15 islands in, maybe put some sort of islands with -- like we have 16 right down here in the parking lot at Township Hall. 17

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MS. FREEMAN: Right.

19 MR. LINGENFELTER: You know, something that is functional, put some native grasses in, you know, some common 20 21 vegetation, some indigenous vegetation and soils, a combination 22 of soils and stone or rock that is, is natural to the area and 23 creates a good drain, you know, a good runoff, a good drain 24 area that isn't going to have a lot of standing water, for 25 obvious reasons, but could be tied in to other underground, you 26 know, types of, you know, like you would with a leach field 27 with a septic system, you know, have them leach off into other 28 parts.

And you could get a lot more -- You could still have
the impervious surfaces for the required parking but be more

creative on how we handle the stormwater and the runoff around the edges and through the middles and, you know, places where they would have islands or turnaround or things where you would normally have just something very unattractive and maybe get creative with that stuff then. I would rather do that than sacrifice parking, you know, for the businesses. That's my opinion, of course, but --

8 MS. FREEMAN: That was one of the main things that I 9 was proposing that we take a look at. How could we incorporate 10 that a little bit better and make that a little bit easier for 11 the builder and the developer to do by maybe tweaking how we do 12 the landscaping within the parking lot.

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MR. LINGENFELTER: Right.

MS. FREEMAN: Again, this code has some good 14 recommendations on that. And I actually spoke with Heather 15 Elmer, the director of Chagrin River Watershed Partners, and 16 she offered, if we wanted, she could come out and give a little 17 background or a little presentation on some of the things that 18 19 we could consider if we all felt that we wanted that little additional background or assistance in going through our 20 21 process.

22 Some of the things I was suggesting in here, too, 23 were leading exactly to that, those areas like the rain 24 gardens, the bioretention.

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MR. LINGENFELTER: Right.

MS. FREEMAN: Maybe tweaking how we require that 10 percent of the parking lot to be landscaped. So I was going to get into that a little bit more, too, and see what your thoughts were on moving forward with something like that.

CHAIRMAN PETERSON: Would she cover all of that in a

presentation if she came out? 1 MS. FREEMAN: Uh-huh. 2 CHAIRMAN PETERSON: I think that would be pretty 3 informative. It would probably enlighten all of us here on the 4 Board. Good idea. 5 MS. FREEMAN: I can reach out to her again and see if 6 7 we can do something at another meeting. 8 CHAIRMAN PETERSON: I would think so. Do you guys 9 agree? MR. SCHINDLER: 10 Sure. MR. GORJUP: Yes. 11 CHAIRMAN PETERSON: Yeah, let's do that. 12 13 MS. FREEMAN: Okay. Let's go ahead and take a look at the Minimum Number 14 of Required Parking Spaces Table. I was looking for some 15 feedback and some direction on a few things here. I've, kind 16 of, gone through and highlighted a few things. The first thing 17 I did was I put this into a little bit more of a user-friendly 18 19 table. I didn't change any of the text or anything. This is all what, you know, exists right now in the Zoning Resolution. 20 21 I kind of went through and I was highlighting some 22 things that I felt were, like, a little hidden in here. Like, 23 to me, the purposes of this table, based on the heading, is 24 strictly the minimum number of off-street parking spaces for each use. So, for example, like the single-family dwelling, we 25 26 have additional guidelines in here related to the, the surface 27 material that the parking in the drive should be and the 28 maximum coverage of that parking area in the front yard. And I feel like it might be better to pull some of these things out 29 and put them in another section. And going down the list, too, 30

same thing for, like, the duplex dwelling.

I have highlighted a few things that -- it's 2 duplicating the same thing we say for single family. And then 3 the child or adult day care centers, kind of, went through my 4 reasoning here as we get -- Actually, if we flip to page 4 in 5 this packet here, I was recommending that we move the surfacing 6 7 for the driveways and the parking areas, the regulations that 8 we have in the table, to a new section that would contain some general standards that apply to all parking areas. We could 9 also include some of the existing regulations in the parking 10 section related to, like, the landscaping, the lighting and the 11 striping, because as it stands today, Section 29.09, it 12 13 duplicates some of that same language in regards to the surface materials, like concrete or asphalt and gravel drives. And one 14 of the things that you may want to consider is allowing that 15 pervious pavers that work well when you're trying to do on-site 16 stormwater management, allowing that. Currently in the Code, 17 we don't even reference pervious pavers or even permeable 18 19 asphalt. Those are other things that --

20 MR. McINTOSH: Those are relatively newer type21 things.

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MS. FREEMAN: They're newer, yeah.

23 MR. McINTOSH: I was thinking, as we were talking 24 about the water and that, I had seen a flier or something somewhere and I think they're really cool. I saw one and, 25 26 like, I wanted the, if it weren't for the cost, on my driveway. 27 I think they're pretty sweet. I won't have to -- I mean, I 28 don't know. Have you guys seen it? It's the pavers with the grass in between. It's kind of like old school but it -- so 29 there is no runoff. 30

MR. SCHINDLER: Yeah. 1 MR. McINTOSH: It just trickles into your -- They're 2 pretty nice. I was wondering where we -- if we wanted to 3 address that or if there is anything that, now, that we do that 4 5 regulates that or not. MS. FREEMAN: Well, we're silent on those being 6 7 acceptable uses --8 MR. McINTOSH: Right. 9 MS. FREEMAN: -- for surface area, for surface and 10 parking lot. MR. McINTOSH: We should probably address that, yeah. 11 Those are things that the 12 MS. FREEMAN: Yeah. Chagrin Watershed, Chagrin River Watershed Partners could give 13 you some really good background on. I mean, there's cost and 14 benefits to weigh. 15 MR. McINTOSH: Yeah. 16 17 MS. FREEMAN: There is maintenance issues to consider 18 and things like that, so she can really provide you all the 19 different aspects to consider. The County is moving towards incorporating those type of stormwater management, green 20 21 infrastructure, low impact development things in their 22 stormwater management regulations. So it would be a nice 23 pairing. 24 MR. McINTOSH: Are you aware, without -- Obviously, 25 we will have them come and do the presentation. But just as a 26 quick, short, are you aware of what they -- I mean, is the 27 maintenance stuff with that what -- Is maintaining a system 28 like that a big incumbrance to going toward stuff like that? Ι 29 mean, obviously, you throw a concrete driveway in or blacktop and you're done for 30 years until, whatever, it starts to 30

break. I mean, I don't know what the maintenance cycle is on 1 some of these things. They do look like, you know --2 MS. FREEMAN: Well, like the pervious pavers like we 3 have out here by the rain garden? 4 MR. McINTOSH: Right. 5 MS. FREEMAN: That has to be vacuumed, like, a couple 6 7 times a year. There is rules, like you're not supposed to 8 stack snow on them. Don't use salt on them. There is things 9 to look for. Like if you see grass going through them, you know something is not right with the base of it where it might 10 need to be taken up and redone. But they probably have to be 11 maintained by, like, commercial type landscape people that have 12 13 been trained in that. So --MR. McINTOSH: It's not a simple solution. 14 MS. FREEMAN: No. 15 MR. McINTOSH: It's more complicated. 16 17 MS. FREEMAN: A little bit more, yeah. And in anything that we would include, I don't think we would require 18 them but we would like to encourage them if we could. 19 MR. McINTOSH: Well, it seems like we probably would, 20 21 with just the prevalence of them, include reference to them in 22 our text so that there is -- because right now, if you go 23 there, there is no, there is no yea or nay on it. It is like, 24 is this permitted, is it acceptable, kind of thing. 25 MS. FREEMAN: Right. So my suggestion on maybe 26 pulling out some of these, some of the items in the table that 27 relate to the surface of the parking and drives, what do you 28 feel about creating that section that would just have some general standards for all parking areas and, kind of, just a 29 30 reorganization a little bit of the existing text and then

pulling out some of these other things and just moving it over into a little bit more of a logical format? And then if we were going to change any of the standards, we could talk about that, too, like adding pervious pavers and permeable asphalt, anything like that.

6 CHAIRMAN PETERSON: I think it's a good idea. It's7 simpler, just simpler for us to manage.

8 MS. FREEMAN: One other thing, too, that we're going 9 to need -- we do need to do is, kind of, go through this table and see if there are any uses that we're missing, for example, 10 like the outdoor dining issue. We know that outdoor dining is 11 becoming really important for restaurants and, currently, we 12 13 don't have any additional parking that's really required for outside dining. So I think that's something that we want to 14 add onto this table and then even just, kind of, look at the 15 existing uses in here. We've got the single-family dwelling 16 listed but we probably should, technically, add that 17 single-family detached cluster dwelling, the dwellings that are 18 allowed in the R-3, a condominium-type ownership. We need to 19 list that in here as a use and specify the number of parking 20 21 spaces that are required for that.

22 And then there has been discussion before about,
23 like, guest parking in multi-family zoning districts like the
24 R-3 and then probably in the Capital District, too.

MR. McINTOSH: We've talked about that when we've had some site plans, right, as far as where the overflow is and what the restrictions of parking are. That comes up often. MS. FREEMAN: Does it? MR. McINTOSH: Yeah, it seems to. MS. FREEMAN: I haven't been here when you've reviewed any of those.

MR. McINTOSH: Yeah. I guess it goes back a few years but I am thinking over by Gabriel's, I think, is it? MR. BULLARD: Gabriel's Edge.

MR. McINTOSH: Yeah. We talked about that a lot, as
well as the Fire Department access, too, because of the
narrower roads there. But there was not a lot -- Aria's Way,
too, I think was an issue. We have, yeah, we've dealt with
that a couple times. It would probably be good to, to be on
top of that a little more.

MR. BULLARD: That has been a complaint of people that end up buying into those condominiums. They are surprised there is no place for --

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MR. McINTOSH: Right.

MR. BULLARD: -- everybody to have, at least, one or
two people to come over and visit them.

17 MR. McINTOSH: Well, I've been by you in Aria's Way and those are some smaller houses and smaller garages. You go 18 19 up that way -- I mean, I lived in a condo, too. The size of some of the full size vehicles now, I mean, Escalades and 20 21 Tahoes, but even the pick-up trucks, I mean, you can't get them 22 in some of these smaller homes, these cluster homes. They 23 don't fit. So, you know, a good size SUV, too, you've got a 24 full size, somebody that's got a full-size pick-up truck and a 25 decent size SUV and they're parking in the driveway because the 26 garage is too small and now, boom, there is no room for people 27 to have visitors over, family come over. All of the sudden, 28 you've got three or four cars in the parking lot. Now the Fire Department's got access problems, you know, where it's a tight 29 30 squeeze for everyone getting through. I have noticed that at

Aria's Way a lot.

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I think we had talked, too, last time about the yard issue there with respect to people doing different things. I think we were talking about the condos last month and there is stuff on the side of the houses because those units, the garages are kind of small and they use them for storage and there is a lot of that going on as well. So it definitely seems like a reasonable issue.

9 MS. FREEMAN: I can take a look at some other 10 communities suggestions, come back with something as far as 11 maybe what we could do for guest parking in those type of 12 developments. It's different than your typical subdivision. 13 You can't park on the street when you're in a private road 14 there.

MR. LINGENFELTER: Well, you could, you could make 15 the setbacks from the road further so that they could put more 16 of a longer driveway in because that's a problem with a lot, 17 you know, a lot of the condos, you know. They put the, you 18 19 know, they give them the setback, you know, from the street to the front is 20 feet or whatever. They've got about a 10 foot 20 21 driveway. It's enough, like you said, to put two cars in the 22 driveway. And if you maybe set, you know, give them another 23 20, 10 or 15 foot setback so they could have a longer driveway, 24 they could put four cars in the driveway instead of only two. 25 MS. FREEMAN: Right.

26 MR. McINTOSH: I think the issue, when I am thinking 27 of Gabriel's area, you are looking at a lot. I mean, you do 28 that and, all of the sudden, you're --

29 30 MR. LINGENFELTER: Right.

MR. McINTOSH: I mean, I don't know if that choice,

if they would want to just give up one unit or two units in the 1 thing and create visitor parking spots, pads somewhere within 2 the development that allow people to park four houses away and 3 then walk to someone's house, if that would be easier than 4 dealing with the setback. I mean, somewhere in there if we did 5 it -- I don't know -- if we got in the way that, sort of, gave 6 7 them options to either, you need to provide more capacity per 8 unit or you just might have to give up some units to provide a 9 certain amount per. Because we tried -- I don't recall the conversation but I know that we asked them to stick in parking 10 spots in a couple of those areas or, at least, in Gabriel's 11 Edge we talked about having visitor spaces because of some of 12 13 those driveways were so short, and they did. They squeezed them in and there was not a lot of room for that. Again, small 14 driveways mean, with the size of some of the vehicles now --15 Your average pick-up truck is quite big. They're big, so they 16 take up a lot of space. It doesn't take but two of those --17

MR. LINGENFELTER: My son lives in Cobblestone and him and his wife have -- They both have a pair of Honda Pilots. They ain't putting them in the garage. They got them in the driveway and that's it. I mean, their cars, literally, are from the, from the garage door, the front end of their vehicles are, like, right on the street. I mean, there is no room there at all.

25 MR. McINTOSH: That's not -- that's a trend that's 26 not -- I mean, cars aren't necessarily -- It seems like you 27 think they're getting smaller but they're not, they're getting 28 larger. So, I mean, that's going to be an issue. It is an 29 issue.

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MS. FREEMAN: Well, one other, one other way to

address it maybe in lieu of doing a setback for the house from 1 the private roads, since we are really talking about parking 2 and driveways and stuff, would be to maybe consider like what 3 we have here existing for, like, the single-family dwellings. 4 We require a minimum of 500 square feet --5 MR. McINTOSH: Right. 6 MS. FREEMAN: -- of parking area which is, basically, 7 8 your driveway. MR. McINTOSH: Right. 9 We don't have any type of requirement 10 MS. FREEMAN: like that for, like, the cluster homes. 11 12 MR. LINGENFELTER: Well, yeah, because it will eat into the density. 13 MR. McINTOSH: Right. 14 MR. LINGENFELTER: Because if they've got to free up 15 space to put in a parking lot, they're going to have to give up 16 -- they're going to have to give up units. 17 MR. McINTOSH: I don't know how you'd do it but I 18 think it would be interesting just to write text in a way to 19 just, sort of, put the onus on the developer to make a choice 20 21 about which way they wanted to go rather than us saying that 22 you have to do parking pads or you've got to do so much with 23 it. It's like, you've got to provide this much, you know, 24 square footage per or, if you don't, then maybe there is a 25 slider. We'll say, "Fine. If you don't do that in the 26 driveway, then the give is that you've got to come up with a 27 parking pad someplace. You've got to do an overall capacity 28 for the development," or something and look at in those terms that just, sort of, let the developer pick the path they wanted 29 to go and, sort of, left it open but yet we are addressing what 30

we need. We're not stipulating setbacks or the driveway had to 1 be so big but you've got to, in the end game, kind of like the 2 RCD, you know, the percentage of bonus is based on how much 3 green space they preserve. Well, maybe we just have a 4 percentage of the size of the development. It's got to be, you 5 know, given this size of it, you've got to allocate this much 6 7 capacity. You've got so many units and so forth that there has 8 to be that much parking capacity throughout the development, whether it's in pads or driveways or that kind of thing. 9 CHAIRMAN PETERSON: I like that idea because there 10

11 could be land within the development that's not really suitable 12 to put a unit on.

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MR. McINTOSH: Right.

14 CHAIRMAN PETERSON: But it could put four or five 15 cars on as a parking area. Let them make the choice of how 16 they achieve the requirement.

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MR. McINTOSH: Right.

MS. FREEMAN: That's a good suggestion. I think,
like, each dwelling unit should have, though, the two-car
enclosed garage.

21 22

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MR. LINGENFELTER: Right.

MR. McINTOSH: Right.

MS. FREEMAN: And then on top of that, some
additional surface parking, ideally, it would be the driveway
though.

MR. McINTOSH: Well, I think --

27 MS. FREEMAN: Two spots in their driveway and then28 one spot for every so many homes.

29 MR. McINTOSH: I think we need to make an assumption30 that, in a lot of these cases, the resident, the people who

live there are going to be using the driveway for a minimum of 1 one car, if not two. I mean, I walk Summerwood. We go back, 2 clear back to the Cora Court and there is people back there 3 with a three-car garage in a house that's built in Summerwood 4 and has pretty spacious garages. Their garages are full of 5 stuff and their cars are in driveway. So you have that issue 6 in Summerwood with substantial -- not a lot but there are some 7 8 houses where you have that problem with cars parked in the driveway and that's -- those are generous situations. 9

So you move down to these clusters and that's, you know, you are constrained because the building, the units aren't this big and the garages aren't this big. You run into that problem a lot quicker.

So I think we need to -- I think we need to look 14 seriously at that because it's, you know -- And that's the kind 15 of stuff that people get really, you know, that you look at a 16 development and you drive through and see a lot of cars in the 17 driveways and people parking. That's the stuff that I think 18 19 neighbors can get upset about. It causes -- those are --Having been -- I've lived in a condo situation, that's the kind 20 21 of stuff that creates neighbor issues, I think, when you look 22 at the appearance of the community and stuff and the things 23 that maybe we are trying to accomplish here. That's kind of a 24 big flag. I think it would behoove to us stay -- to really think of this because we're hitting on a sensitive issue here. 25

26 MR. LINGENFELTER: Well, I had family that lived in 27 Mayfield over in Sturbridge and they had a unit which was 28 like -- They were townhomes. They were, like, three townhomes 29 and then there was a, there was a small parking lot. You could 30 put like eight cars in it. And then there was another unit, you know, with like three or four units and then there was another, like, parking. And every unit had a, had a two-car garage, too, with a short driveway. But every other unit, in between each unit, they had a park, a small parking lot that I think -- I want to say it was enough to -- it was either six or eight cars.

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MR. McINTOSH: Well, I think if you put that --

8 MR. LINGENFELTER: If you park there, you didn't have 9 that -- If you wanted to park there, you didn't have to walk 10 that far to where you were going. Whatever side the person 11 lived, you weren't that far of a distance away from where you 12 were parking versus where they were, you know, where they 13 lived. So it wasn't a --

MR. McINTOSH: I think, if you pair these things up with like, you know, we're talking about letting people say, "Hey, in your development, you choose how you allocate them but the total capacity of what you are proposing by units or households, you have to provide so much here."

19 And then maybe we take a listen to what the Chagrin Watershed people have to say and talk about the management of 20 21 the stormwater. When you are talking about pads, maybe there 22 is things we can -- maybe we can learn some stuff to sit there 23 and either encourage or put in some basic requirements of 24 things that just make it not just, you know, throw in a slab 25 and thing that goes right in the storm drain. But then if they 26 could, you know, dictate the runoff into some common green 27 space where it can be absorbed or, like Andy was saying, put 28 some of those management tools in place that help us maybe -because we've had that as well. We've had residents come here 29 30 and talk about stormwater. They don't want more development.

I If we come in and start talking about this stuff, I think that goes a long way because, you know, we're listening. We're listening to what people are saying. We are aware of the problems we've had.

I mean, this is a problem all over Lake County. 5 Ι mean, you go out to the older, older communities, the 6 Wickliffes, the Willowicks, and their stormwater management, I 7 8 mean, you get some heavy storms and they've had nothing but 9 flood problems over the years. We've even seen -- I've even seen in Willoughby, with my business, there is a lot of issues 10 like that and we're having them here in Concord, too. We just 11 did the floodplain stuff and I think this goes right along with 12 13 it.

Before we tell people, "Hey, you've got to put this parking space in," I think dealing with the runoff issue is something we ought to take a look at, too, because we're going to have residents that are going to be upset with us if we create more impervious surfaces and don't deal with the water management.

MS. FREEMAN: Okay. Just continuing on, after the --On page 4 here, we just talked about the single-family dwellings and moving those items. We do have an existing section in the Residential District that talks about setback in driveways from the side lot lines. We may want to include this in the parking, parking section as well if we're going to talk about driveways --

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MR. McINTOSH: That's a good idea.

28 MS. FREEMAN: -- for residential uses and the lot
29 coverage. We also could include, if we wanted to, for those
30 folks that, like, add onto their driveways, like, additional

little parking spots, we could consider some kind of setbacks 1 from the right-of-way, too, for those. Currently, we have in 2 the text that no parking area can be in the right-of-way. Some 3 of -- But I've heard some people say, "Well, maybe you 4 shouldn't" -- The Planning Commission actually had suggested 5 that we look at this at one point, that we consider some kind 6 of setback for the parking areas off their driveways for, like, 7 8 residential use, from the road or from lot lines. I don't know if we want to get into that or not, but --9

MR. McINTOSH: You sparked a question here in my mind 10 and I think it's probably, more than likely, not an issue. So 11 12 I ride my bike through the township, walk, drive, whatever through a lot of it. And you see, every now and again, where 13 people take landscaping or brick or something like that and 14 they start, put a ribbon down either side of their driveway and 15 make their driveway bigger because they're parking their large 16 vehicles in the driveway and not in the -- How do we -- How is 17 that considered? Is that considered an addition? When you 18 talk about definition of surfaces, if they go get, you know, 19 and they get a little compactor and then they put this stuff 20 21 down the side of their driveway, how do we define that? Τs 22 that considered the driveway or is that --

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MR. GORJUP: Cosmetic only?

MR. McINTOSH: But they're using it as that space. MR. GORJUP: Right, yeah.

MR. McINTOSH: I mean, they're walking on it. The cars, you know, they're using it to sort of expand. When you're talking about extra parking and how people do that to their -- is there a reg -- I mean, do we have -- I don't know if that really causes any problems but it happens.

MR. BULLARD: No, we don't. We don't currently have 1 a regulation that covers that but it would be, actually, an 2 interpretation. If, say, currently, with the three foot width 3 that's got to be maintained between the property line and the 4 edge of the drive, we would probably interpret that as an 5 expansion of the drive. 6 7 MR. McINTOSH: Right. 8 MR. BULLARD: Because it's adjoining the driveway 9 and, you know, the argument would be that they're using it, you know, for that purpose. Going the other way, we would probably 10 not even say anything going toward the lawn area. 11 MR. McINTOSH: Right. 12 13 MS. FREEMAN: Unless they hit the 40 percent. MR. McINTOSH: Well, I was going to say --14 MR. BULLARD: But if it's not going to hit the 40 15 percent because it's impervious surface if it's, you know, if 16 it's done correctly, you know, pervious paver stones --17 MR. McINTOSH: Because it will have the seams and --18 MR. BULLARD: Yeah. 19 MR. McINTOSH: Okay, yeah. So it's really not 20 21 defined. 22 MR. BULLARD: It's not defined. 23 MR. McINTOSH: I mean, if they did that, it's not 24 going -- Because my question was, if they got the percentage 25 of, all of a sudden, somebody went crazy, you know, if they 26 went -- if they did more than just the little ribbons. I'm 27 talking about, well, it creates like a -- You know, people can 28 do anything. If they did that --MR. BULLARD: Well, that, what you are describing 29 30 really is some of the crazy stone work that's done in back

yards now, too.

MR. McINTOSH: Right.

MR. BULLARD: And some of that really does hit the point of being impervious surface even though it looks real nice, like stone walkways and everything else. It really, you know, -- Again, Chagrin Water Partners can explain what the saturation point of some of these systems are and what should be avoided. And we don't -- But we don't regulate that landscaping.

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MR. McINTOSH: Right.

MR. BULLARD: And that might be something that you want to look at down the line and then you have to talk about there has got to be some kind of standards.

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MR. McINTOSH: Right.

MR. BULLARD: And how they're constructed.

MR. McINTOSH: It seems to me maybe, before we go 16 that way -- I didn't want to open Pandora's box. I mean, if 17 we're not having abuse problems with people running into 18 percentage issues or doing stuff that's -- and it's pervious, 19 it's not a big deal. It seems to me our issues as far as some 20 21 of that surface regulation probably needs to be confined more 22 to the commercial, the retail, that stuff as opposed to the 23 residential. I think that's the bigger culprit --

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MR. BULLARD: I agree.

MR. McINTOSH: -- than it is the driveways. You get, again, some of these R-3s where you've got -- you're saying, "Hey, we are going to make the parking pads and that," I think we would be far more constructive in our work if we address those because those are going to create a lot more than if we were to try to deal with that R-1 stuff and the houses in 1

the -- or the RCD zoning.

MS. FREEMAN: Did you have something to say about
that? You looked like you were going to say something. No.
Okay. So we are not going to try to add more provisions for
residential driveways, just some rearranging. Sounds good.

Additionally, in this table here for child or adult 6 7 day care centers, we have a, in the Table of Minimum Parking 8 Standards, we have a sentence that indicates that they can park their vehicles there that they use for the center overnight. I 9 kind of thought it was an interesting spot to stick that 10 provision and I thought maybe it would be better suited if we 11 added that into Section 13.08 on the conditional uses for the 12 13 child or adult day care center. So if somebody is coming to get a conditional use permit to operate one of those type of 14 uses, they will know right off the bad that that would be 15 permitted. 16

Any thoughts on just relocating that since it really
doesn't relate to the number of parking spaces that are
required?

20 CHAIRMAN PETERSON: No. That's a good common sense 21 solution, I think, because then they could see everything, all 22 the requirements at one time without having to cross reference, 23 so it makes sense. Good idea.

MS. FREEMAN: The next section of uses, like library, museum, community center and studios for instruction, basically, it states that the Zoning Commission has to test to -- or has to approve a designated area for the safe loading and the unloading of persons. However, this wouldn't even be in front of the Zoning Commission unless it was a new building, so I am not sure how we would really enforce this. But I think through our site plan review process and the basic general criteria that the boards look at when reviewing site plans, this is something that we could address, address there.

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And, honestly, people that are going to build 4 libraries and museums, these are safety issues that they're 5 going to worry about. They're going to want to make sure that 6 their guests have sidewalks to get into the building or if 7 8 they're going to have a canopy or something that there is somewhere safe to unload, I guess. So I just, kind of, feel 9 like this is not needed in the minimum parking space table. 10 It's just not the correct location for that type of regulation. 11

CHAIRMAN PETERSON: I would agree with that.

13 MS. FREEMAN: The next change I was going to seek your input on was for uses that tend to have uses that create 14 lines, people waiting in line for things, such as the car 15 washes or the instant oil changes. Currently, in the Minimum 16 17 Number of Parking Spaces Table, we have additional regulations in there that require waiting spaces for these types of uses 18 19 based on, you know, the number of lanes they have or teller windows if it's a bank. And I was suggesting that it might be 20 21 helpful if we put a new section in the current parking section 22 that related to waiting spaces in general and, kind of, go 23 through and make the list of what's required because I think, 24 for those engineers that are designing site plans and parking lot circulation and flow and if they know they're going to have 25 26 a drive-thru, they would be looking for all those rules all in 27 the same spot.

So, currently, it's in several different areas
depending on what the type of use is. So at the top of the
page, where it says "Section 13: Existing Regulations

Pertaining to Drive-thru Facilities and Waiting Spaces," this 1 is -- I just copied straight from Section 13 of the Zoning 2 Resolution. We have the drive-thru facilities are a 3 conditional use, so Items C, D and E are specific to waiting 4 spaces. So I was suggesting that we consider removing these 5 regulations because they're duplicated as well in the 6 subsequent sections, like 13.26, that have to do with car wash. 7 8 And if we create this new section in 29, it would be 9 additionally duplicated.

Because one of the reasons behind this, too, was that 10 if somebody is going to come in and do a car wash, they're 11 going to be required to get a conditional use for permit for a 12 13 car wash, not in addition to -- They would not also have to get a conditional use permit for a drive-thru facility. So they 14 would be meeting all the general standards for commercial uses 15 and then all the specific ones for car washes, which is 16 17 Section 13.26. And there aren't any, like, general locational requirements for these waiting spaces, or dimensional 18 19 requirements or, you know, like you can't spill over into the right-of-way. They would only be subject to the ones that are 20 21 specifically listed in 13.26. Same thing for, like, the 22 instant oil changes. If someone is going to do the instant oil 23 change, they're going to come in and get a conditional use 24 permit for instant oil changes, not for a drive-thru and an 25 instant oil change.

So part of my suggestion was, let's treat them a little bit, a little bit differently and just rearrange a little bit of the provisions here. If you turn to page 4 there, this is kind of what I was thinking might work for us. You will see the existing definition of "drive-thru." The last section of it states that it also includes the "drive-up" and "drive-in." I was suggesting that we except out that it shall not include the car wash, the gas station and automotive services.

And then in doing that, creating that new section in 5 the parking section, we could have a whole section just on the 6 waiting requirements. And you will see here that's what I was 7 8 suggesting. This is all draft proposed text here in the bottom 9 of page 4. We could create that table and put all this information in one area. So for the car wash, we have, 10 currently, we have 10 waiting spaces are required for a car 11 wash. And I questioned, does that mean per stall or total, 12 13 because it's not clear.

CHAIRMAN PETERSON: I have a question, too, on that 14 because I am assuming self-serve, which has a different 15 requirement than automatic self-serves, probably, where you put 16 the coins in and spray it yourself. But the automatic car 17 washes can be self-serve, also, like the one over at Sunoco on 18 19 Crile Road. You just pull up and you put money in andis there is nobody at -- there are no attendants. You just pull into 20 21 the bay and the machine does the thing, as opposed to an 22 automatic car wash where you have people working there and, 23 kind of, like a conveyor line type of setup like -- What's the 24 one on Route 20 in Mentor that jams up the traffic? 25 MR. GORJUP: Zap's. CHAIRMAN PETERSON: Zap's, yeah, Zappy's. 26 27 MS. FREEMAN: They have people that work there? 28 CHAIRMAN PETERSON: Yeah, they have people that work there and, you know, they really --29 30 MR. McINTOSH: Well, and then you have the hybrid,

too, if you go -- there is the one up -- Is it Painesville 1 Township there, the Outback one? 2 CHAIRMAN PETERSON: Oh, Outback, yeah. 3 MR. McINTOSH: It's got, it's got three or four bays 4 where you can get out and manually spray. 5 MR. GORJUP: Manual. 6 MR. McINTOSH: And then it's got two automatics where 7 8 you just pull in and drive through. CHAIRMAN PETERSON: Actually, there is four 9 automatics and the other are vacuum stations. 10 MR. McINTOSH: Oh, it's all automatic? 11 CHAIRMAN PETERSON: Nothing touches your car there, 12 13 which I use that one. MR. McINTOSH: Which you've got, I think you've got 14 -- I have seen some places that have a mix of drive-up and 15 self-serve and drive-ups and automatics. They have that. 16 Some places do that. They are getting more common. So --17 CHAIRMAN PETERSON: Yeah. I think when these 18 19 definitions --MR. McINTOSH: I think it's a little --20 21 CHAIRMAN PETERSON: -- were written, probably, back 22 in 2001 or whatever, it was a little different because they 23 were the kind that you spray with a wand and the kind you 24 automatically drove in and sometimes pull the car through. MR. McINTOSH: Yeah, it takes you through like 25 26 Zappy's and then you've got --27 CHAIRMAN PETERSON: The new ones are, kind of, 28 self-serve automatic. MS. FREEMAN: Self-serve automatic. 29 30 CHAIRMAN PETERSON: Yeah, they are.

MS. FREEMAN: No. Yeah, I'm not sure. We really 1 don't differentiate between the two. We don't define either 2 one of those. 3 CHAIRMAN PETERSON: But we have different 4 requirements. 5 MS. FREEMAN: But we have different requirements. 6 So that's good that we're bringing this up because I don't really 7 8 know the difference either. 9 MR. McINTOSH: We've actually got, I think we've got three. We've got the kind when you're thinking about Crile 10 Road where you've got one deal and there is a line of people 11 going to come through it. And then you've got those row ones 12 13 that's different and you could have multiple, you could have different uses that could be all a car pulls in, it gets 14 washed, pulls out. Then you have the self-serve thing which, 15 you know -- And you've got, when you've got the automatics, 16 17 you've got a fixed amount of time. Each cycle is going to be X and then you are going to have a progression based on that 18 19 cycle time. But if you go to the self --CHAIRMAN PETERSON: But that changes because you buy 20 21 deluxe wash. 22 MR. McINTOSH: Right. But it's got a maximum. Each, 23 you know, the longest wash is going to have a fixed cycle and 24 it's always going to be no more than that. You get into the ones where you're self-serving it and you could have someone 25 parked there for half an hour, if they wanted to. 26 MS. FREEMAN: Yeah. 27 28 CHAIRMAN PETERSON: Right. True. 29 MR. LINGENFELTER: Do we have any of those in the 30 township?

MR. McINTOSH: They're gone. I think those are going 1 away to the automatic self-serve. 2 MR. LINGENFELTER: I am just saying even --3 CHAIRMAN PETERSON: I don't think it's --4 MR. LINGENFELTER: There aren't very many car washes 5 in the township at all, are there? 6 CHAIRMAN PETERSON: Just one that I know of. 7 8 MR. LINGENFELTER: I mean, seriously. MR. McINTOSH: The one on Sunoco. The Sunoco one on 9 10 Crile is the only one, yeah. MR. LINGENFELTER: Yeah. 11 CHAIRMAN PETERSON: But we used to have one over at 12 Concord Plaza years ago that was the hand spray, years ago. 13 MR. BULLARD: Well, you've got one. 14 MS. FREEMAN: Self serve. 15 MR. BULLARD: You have a drive-thru over there at 16 17 Sunoco. CHAIRMAN PETERSON: Oh, you're right. 18 19 MR. McINTOSH: That's not Sunoco. CHAIRMAN PETERSON: You're right. There is one 20 21 there. 22 MR. BULLARD: There's two. CHAIRMAN PETERSON: That's different than this one. 23 24 MS. FREEMAN: But those are both considered 25 automatic? 26 MR. BULLARD: Yes. 27 CHAIRMAN PETERSON: Well, this one would be a self-28 serve automatic. Yeah, they're both self-serve automatics. MS. FREEMAN: That's what I was getting at. Self 29 30 serve because you put your card in but it's automatic. So

1	maybe do we need to define these, the difference between them?
2	CHAIRMAN PETERSON: Only if we are going to have
3	different requirements because we have different waiting queues
4	for different types.
5	MS. FREEMAN: Right.
6	MR. McINTOSH: And, you know, just a comment on
7	Zappy's, I mean, that place in the wintertime got populated.
8	It doesn't have a lack of I mean, that's a pretty generous
9	amount of parking.
10	MR. GORJUP: Driveway.
11	MR. McINTOSH: Yeah. It's not, that location is not
12	stingy in the amount of concrete available to park on. It's
13	just that popular. And it's the cost.
14	MR. GORJUP: Because it's a \$3 wash.
15	CHAIRMAN PETERSON: Yes, right, three bucks.
16	MR. GORJUP: And the City of Mentor ended up having
17	to make changes.
18	MR. McINTOSH: Yeah.
19	MS. FREEMAN: Yeah.
20	MR. GORJUP: Having an attendant on the street
21	assigned to block it so that people could not park on 20.
22	CHAIRMAN PETERSON: Right.
23	MS. FREEMAN: Okay. Well, I will look at some other
24	examples and see if other people are making a distinction
25	between the two. If we want to keep the distinction between
26	the two, then we'll probably have to define them.
27	MR. McINTOSH: Well, maybe another way to think about
28	this might be drive up, you know, like, the kind like at Sunoco
29	on Crile where it's and then you've got the different kind,
30	like the Outback where it's the whole Maybe that's the way

to look at it because, because of the configuration of the 1 facility as opposed to getting into how the types work, right? 2 Because if you've got one unit, that whole line of cars have 3 got to line up to go through, like Zappy's and like Crile Road. 4 Again, you're on some kind of an interval that's going to be 5 pretty fixed. It is going to have a progression. It's going 6 to have an amount of time. Whereas, if you have the row 7 8 things, the dynamics of the property are going to be different. 9 You've got a row of people. You've got a big impervious space and you've got maybe a blended use. But maybe we don't need to 10 worry about the use as much as we need to worry about the 11 configuration. Keep it simpler. 12

Because you get into the issue where, like, look at how we're going around and around about defining what is what type of car wash. And do we really need to delve into that kind of detail or should we be considering the style of the facility?

18 MS. FREEMAN: Wait. So just educate me here. On, 19 like, the row one, when you're waiting in line for that, do you 20 just go to the first available one or are you stuck in a line?

21 MR. McINTOSH: Yeah. You pull up and you have, like,22 four stalls.

CHAIRMAN PETERSON: Outback has got the individual stalls and the traffic really does back up there when they come in off Route 20. And sometimes you can't even get in because the lines are so backed up.

27 MR. GORJUP: Outback?
28 CHAIRMAN PETERSON: Yeah, Outback.
29 MS. FREEMAN: So you are in line waiting for a
30 particular stall?

CHAIRMAN PETERSON: Yeah, when you first pull up. 1 MR. McINTOSH: When you pull in, you usually go to 2 the shortest one. There is four stalls and then you just --3 MS. FREEMAN: Right. Because, currently, we, you 4 know, if you only have one stall per se, you have to have 10 5 waiting spaces. But if you have multiple stalls, then it's so 6 many spaces per stall. 7 8 MR. McINTOSH: Correct. 9 MS. FREEMAN: So does that still work? MR. McINTOSH: I think the con -- I think, I think 10 rather than worrying about whether it's automatic or self 11 serve, I think you configure -- I think you've got to do it on 12 a per stall basis. 13 MS. FREEMAN: Okay. 14 MR. McINTOSH: I think that makes it simpler. Then 15 we don't have to worry about defining the style of car wash. 16 17 MS. FREEMAN: Yeah. MR. McINTOSH: And it's just a matter of, if you've 18 19 got four stalls, then you've got to have so many spaces. Ιf it's a one deal, you know -- I think the one and the ten is not 20 21 bad, automatic car wash, single stall, ten. You know what 22 I mean? If you've got a multiple self-serve thing, then it's a 23 little bit different configuration. 24 MS. FREEMAN: Okay. I mean, that sounds more 25 simpler. 26 MR. McINTOSH: Yeah. CHAIRMAN PETERSON: Because I think the old automatic 27 28 car wash where they hook onto the car and pull it through are, kind of, going away. They want to get rid of the labor and 29 30 just have the machine that goes around the car. It's much

simpler.

2 MR. GORJUP: Or we could just ban car washes, not to 3 -- and therefore would not -- I am just being a little bit 4 ridiculous but --

5 MR. SCHINDLER: Yeah. Just point to the zoning code
6 in Mentor. Car wash, go to Mentor, Mentor or Painesville. We
7 don't have these.

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MR. McINTOSH: Got to go to Mentor for sidewalks.

9 MS. FREEMAN: And then just looking at that table, too, all I did was I put in the existing regulation for the 10 instant oil change. And I thought it was kind of key and 11 important that we don't do right now is really define where 12 13 you're measuring that waiting space from. So at the car wash and you are saying you have 10 waiting spaces, we just want to 14 specify starting outside of the washing bay. The person 15 inside, that doesn't count as a waiting space. You are being 16 serviced. So just make, make it clear where you're taking your 17 measurement from. 18

Same thing for, like, the fuel, for, like, gas stations, like, we require two waiting spaces per fuel pump. So measured from, like, the pump island. So in that case, if you are getting gas, that counts and then one behind you.

23 Then I was suggesting that -- I looked at some of the 24 banks that we have here in Concord and looking at, like, right 25 here in Grist Mill, how many waiting spaces they have and they 26 have five, you know, per lane. So we could, if we wanted to, 27 just add that specifically in the table, just pull that use 28 out. Same thing for, like, restaurants. Because we have this general category that says "all other uses not specified" and 29 30 then we have regulations for that. But I think some of the

more popular ones, why don't we just say what they are? If you 1 are going to do a restaurant that has a drive-thru, you have 10 2 waiting spaces per lane. Measure it at the pick-up window. 3 CHAIRMAN PETERSON: That's perfect because two new 4 ones coming in, right, two new --5 MS. FREEMAN: Oh, like the Starbucks, yeah. 6 They 7 were required to do the 10 waiting spaces and, luckily, they, 8 they picked a logical location to start counting those spaces. 9 But, you know, we could, if we don't specify where it measures from, we could get into trouble in the future. 10 CHAIRMAN PETERSON: And Burgers 2 Beer has a waiting 11 12 window, too, don't they? 13 MS. FREEMAN: No. MR. GORJUP: No. 14 CHAIRMAN PETERSON: They don't? 15 MS. FREEMAN: No, they haven't. Well, Drug Mart, for 16 their, for their pharmacy, they got a variance to go down from 17 ten to five. 18 19 MR. BULLARD: And we don't list pharmacy. MS. FREEMAN: What's that? Yeah, pharmacy is another 20 21 one we could list on there if we wanted. It is not as popular 22 in Concord but it could be. I mean, otherwise, it would just 23 default to the, you know, ten if it's a single lane or five 24 if -- per transaction site. 25 And then when looking at some other communities and how they, kind of, regulate these things, we're seeing that 26 27 they're actually defining the size of that waiting space. Some 28 of them go with the exact dimensions of, like, a parking spot, indicating that that waiting space should be, like, 9 by 18 or 29 30 -- Several others were just slightly larger than that,

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probably, to give a little bit of room in between the waiting 1 space or to accommodate the larger vehicles. So I was, kind 2 of, throwing out there that each waiting space shall be a 3 minimum of 10 feet wide by -- 10 by 20. That way, the engineer 4 doesn't draw on, like, a 14-foot car and say, "Hey, I got a 5 waiting space," you know. And then, in reality, we know that 6 cars are much longer than that or people don't pull up all the 7 8 way and what was designed to be ten spaces is really only six.

9 MR. SCHINDLER: Sometimes you have to put places maybe just for trucks. It seems like everybody today is buying 10 a truck, you know, with the tandem wheels in the back. I mean, 11 those things are big and huge and you try to pull up next to 12 13 that thing in the conventional parking space, you are right up against their fenders. You can't even open your doors. 14 Ι don't know how many times I have pulled in there and one of 15 them pulled up next to me and I'm trying to get out. I can't 16 even see over this monstrous thing, let alone try to get in the 17 car, you know. 18

19 Can we have spaces big enough that, if you have this 20 type of vehicle, this is where you are supposed to park like we 21 do for the handicapped parking, you know?

MS. FREEMAN: I don't know that we would want to get into requiring a larger percent, some of the parking spots to be larger based on their larger vehicles, possibly, coming in. I have seen the opposite, like, allowing compact car, you know, parking spots as a way to --

MR. SCHINDLER: Compacts, yes.

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MS. FREEMAN: -- reduce the impervious surface.
 MR. SCHINDLER: I could see that. You go to, like,
 University Hospitals, they have a special section just for

electric cars so you can plug into and that makes sense. 1 But these people that drive these big, humongous trucks now for 2 leisure, it's not for business anymore. I mean, I must have 3 four or five neighbors on my street, their trucks look 4 immaculate, like you don't even put the bed and get it dirty. 5 But they're huge, you know, monstrous things. Park next to one 6 7 of those or have them park next to you, it becomes cumbersome. 8 Just a point of discussion.

9 MS. FREEMAN: Yeah. And then in addition to those regulations, this was part of just rearranging some of the 10 existing regulations that we had in the drive-thru section that 11 12 weren't necessarily carried over to, like, the car washes and 13 the instant oil changes. But if they were here, they would also be subject to those requirements, such as just specifying 14 that these waiting space are in addition to any of the 15 off-street parking that's required, and also indicating that 16 they can't block or interfere with any of the access to the 17 parking lots. They have to operate independently of the aisles 18 19 between the parking spaces and they can't spill over into the road right-of-way. 20

21 Do you have any discussion or questions on that, that 22 item there? I think this section, I mean, I am going to go 23 back and really go through the list of uses, too, and cross 24 reference them with what's permitted in the different zoning districts and make sure that we've got everything, kind of, 25 26 adequately covered. Because I know we've had some newer uses 27 put in, too, with the Capital District that I don't think we 28 have -- we don't really have parking requirements for 29 specifically that we may want to look at and say, well, does 30 this is general requirement work for that or not, like the

microdistillery or microbrewery. I am not really sure what category that would fall under. Maybe we should pull that out and specify.

Okay. Section D, the interior parking lot 4 landscaping, currently -- We have that in the 1D. Currently, 5 we talk about interior parking lot landscaping in three 6 different sections of the Zoning Resolution. They were all 7 8 written at different times and some of them conflict with one another. There is a statement, though, in the landscape 9 section that indicates, if there is any other -- where this 10 section and any other sections of the Resolution conflict with 11 one another, then you're supposed to enforce those regulations 12 in Section 38, so that's what we've been enforcing. 13

Then with the additional Capital District, there is 14 even more different interior parking lot landscaping 15 requirements. And, kind of, looking at all these different 16 requirements and, kind of, weighing, hey, if what we have in 17 29.11 we're not enforcing, then maybe that should just come out 18 19 because what is in 38 is really superseding that. And I think that instead of having specific interior parking lot 20 21 landscaping regulations in the parking section, we should just 22 cross reference that, that the landscaping section has to be 23 met per Section 38.

And then that being said, I wanted to take a look at what we currently had in Section 38 in relationship to the interior parking lot landscaping guidelines and what we most recently adopted for the Capital District and maybe there are some things that we put in the Capital District that we might want to require for all parking lots.

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So if you look on page 2 here, this relates to

Section 22.10. This is the Capital District only. We've got 1 some very specific standards that are different for the front 2 yard parking because this is, the Capital District, if you 3 recall, is the district where we want to eliminate that amount 4 of parking in the front of the building and really try to 5 direct it to the side or behind the building. So we do limit 6 the amount of parking that's allowed, just in the Capital 7 8 District, in the front of the building. I am not suggesting that we do that in any other districts. 9

But there are some things in here that we may want to 10 carry over in relationship to the general parking standards in 11 the Capital District, like Number 7. Well, actually 7(a) is 12 13 kind of questioning, actually, this existing regulation as it relates to the Capital District. As it states, between every 14 10 parking spots, you have to have this landscape island. 15 So you can't -- Can you imagine going in a parking lot and, every 16 10 spots, there is a landscape island? 17

Plus, for every two abutting rows, two double -- two 18 parallel double bays of parking, you have to have this 20 foot 19 wide landscaping strip where we're trying to encourage the 20 21 bioretention and the green infrastructure and stormwater 22 management uses, which I like, but I don't know about the 23 logistics of every 10 parking spots, you have some landscape 24 island. I don't know how that's really enhancing, like, the 25 stormwater management or it's just providing grass, a grassy 26 area just to provide it.

27 And I think it will make it difficult to maintain a 28 parking lot as well as far as during the wintertime when you 29 are plowing. The plow truck is going to have to go, like, 30 every 10 spots, it has to back up or move or find somewhere 1 else to push the snow. We may want to consider just allowing 2 those additional landscape islands just to be placed in logical 3 locations throughout the parking lot and not, maybe not specify 4 every 10 spots. We don't do that in the existing --

MR. McINTOSH: I think what might be interesting 5 here, if we start to get into a conversation about stormwater 6 7 runoff, it might be interesting to talk, to learn more about 8 the tools that are there and then, kind of, come back to the 9 whole concept of the percentage of, you know, something where they end up picking how they -- because I agree with what you 10 are saying. So you are saying if they have a cut-out and they 11 have a little -- and they don't have the continuous sweep, so 12 13 the plow has to manage that or whatever, or you've got that maintenance. It's another curb that's going to get beat up 14 over time and someone will have to replace the curb and it's 15 more costly. Certainly, we want, we want to consider things 16 like that. 17

But what might be interesting is if we learn more 18 about the techniques of stormwater management and find out if 19 those -- there might be some things that we could encourage 20 21 people to do that would help management that would, sort of, 22 accomplish that goal but do it without -- I don't know but 23 maybe there's some opportunities for to us sit there and say, 24 you know, on a percentage basis, you have to manage certain 25 things and they can make larger islands in places that doesn't 26 detract -- kind of like we're talking about the parking -- that 27 doesn't detract from the capacity of parking but helps us 28 manage the runoff and puts some landscaping in a useful place 29 that helps us manage this process and then allows them to have 30 more continuous parking as long as they manage the overall

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space better. I think that might be something worth looking 1 at, too, because then we get them to accomplish the goal and 2 give them a little freedom as to how they do it. 3 I agree. And even in Chagrin's model, MS. FREEMAN: 4 you know, they've got that 10 percent minimum interior parking 5 but -- and they require that, that landscape strip where they 6 really want to see the bioretention. 7 8 MR. McINTOSH: Right. 9 MS. FREEMAN: But what they don't have and what we have here is, hey, every ten spots you have to have this. 10 MR. McINTOSH: Right. 11 12 MS. FREEMAN: So that's what I was, kind of, questioning. 13 MR. McINTOSH: Right. 14 MS. FREEMAN: Maybe Heather can give us some further 15 justification on where they came up with the 10 percent and, 16 you know, why we should consider that. 17 MR. McINTOSH: I think it's interesting because I 18 19 always think, when I go south in the wintertime and warmer, and you go to some of these plazas and you see how the shopping 20 21 centers look really cool, more so than -- And you hit on it 22 with the way they landscape some of that stuff. And it may be 23 the northern-southern climate thing where they're not doing 24 something like plowing, because you go to some of these -- I've 25 been to some pretty expansive -- I remember a couple years ago, 26 I went to a huge outlet center down -- and it was like, wow. I 27 just remember driving into this place thinking how impressive 28 it was. And now that we're talking about parking spaces, I am 29 30 almost certain I'm recalling how they had the parking lot

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landscaped with the tall palm trees and a lot more stuff. But, 1 again, maybe the, maybe the prohibitive factor there is the 2 fact that it's a warmer climate and they don't have to deal 3 with making room to put snow. I never, never thought about it 4 because I remember being struck with, why does this look so 5 much cooler than what's at home? 6 7 CHAIRMAN PETERSON: It might have been the palm 8 trees. MR. McINTOSH: That's true. 9 MS. FREEMAN: Yes. You're on vacation. 10 MR. McINTOSH: In the middle of February. 11 MS. FREEMAN: We can find out more about that. 12 13 MR. McINTOSH: Yeah. MS. FREEMAN: And then continuing on, these are what 14 currently already exist for the Capital District. Number 2 on 15 page 3, we have Maintenance of Unimproved Areas. I feel like 16 17 this is a good general regulation that we probably should require all uses to abide by that, all the commercial and 18 19 industrial uses. They really should be maintaining those surface areas as long as -- and keeping them clean as long as 20 21 their use is in effect. I think this is something that we may 22 want to carry over and not, not only hold -- not just make the 23 Capital District businesses liable for this. 24 CHAIRMAN PETERSON: That's a good idea. MS. FREEMAN: But all the commercial and industrial 25 26 uses. CHAIRMAN PETERSON: Good idea. 27 28 MS. FREEMAN: Same thing with the maintenance of the landscaping required. I think this -- We have some maintenance 29 30 requirements in the landscape section but this really calls it

out as to the high standards that we want them to achieve and live up to as far as maintaining the landscape areas in the parking space.

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And then, in addition to that, the next point, Number 4, the Maintenance of the Watercourses and Storm Water Facilities that are Required, making sure that they're liable and that they need to maintain those facilities as part of their approval and part of the condition of them getting their zoning permit, that they will maintain the stormwater facilities on the site and any watercourses that are there.

On the last point, Lighting, this is kind of a redundant regulation that, if we were going to make any changes here, I thought maybe we should just take out because it's already addressed in Section 22.09(C), which applies to all Commercial and Industrial District regulations. I think that was just an oversight when we added that in and created the Capital District.

So the next page -- section on page 4, Section 38.05, 18 19 these are the existing regulations for the Interior Parking Lot Guidelines that we've been deferring to because they conflict 20 21 with what we have in 22.09. It's just there for your 22 reference. On the next page is more like what I was suggesting 23 that we could do. As I mentioned in 22.09, those existing 24 landscape requirements conflict, so we probably should just defer to what exists in Section 38. 25

And then part of that, I was -- We could create a new Section 29 that includes some of the design standards for parking lots. For example, we could pull out some of the things that we just created in the Capital District that -- to try to encourage maybe -- We will hold off on this, probably,

until we hear from Heather Elmer because some of this was taken 1 from her model. But that landscape strip between the 2 different -- between the abutting bays to try to incorporate 3 stormwater management facilities, in our Capital District, we 4 had a 20 foot wide minimum requirement for that. Now, in 5 Chagrin's model they didn't have a certain width of it, that it 6 7 should be. So that was one thing I was trying to reach out to 8 her maybe on why they didn't specify a width. Maybe there's a 9 good reason why you don't depending on, like, the certain site characteristics. We can get more information on that. 10

But if we do create this new section that, kind of, 11 organizes, like, parking lot design requirements, we could also 12 13 include in some of the existing regulations that we already have, kind of, scattered throughout the parking section as it 14 relates to the dimensions of the parking spaces and then the 15 aisle, the parking aisle widths and the existing setbacks that 16 we have. Some of those sections seem to be a little wordy. If 17 you get them, like, in tables or just simplify the language a 18 19 little bit or pull things out, like, listing them as one, two, three versus, kind of, paragraph style, I think, is a little 20 21 bit easier to read for me and for anybody else using the code. 22 Sometimes you, kind of, get lost in long sentences that except 23 out certain districts. I know I find myself rereading some 24 sections over and over because it's just a little too 25 story-like maybe.

And then following down, what I was suggesting here was if we were going to -- This is the proposed new language that we could consider that would replace what we currently have in Section 38.05 that's on the previous page. It's not really changing much other than, okay, so currently when you

have more than -- when you have a parking lot that has more 1 than 6,000 square feet of area or 20 or more parking spaces, 2 you are required to do that interior parking lot landscaping, 3 and that would apply to, like, any nonresidential use. So even 4 like the quest parking lots in, like, the Multi-Family 5 District, if they were to have some parking area that had, at 6 7 least, 20 parking spots or a square footage area of 6,000 8 square feet, they would have to do this interior parking lot 9 landscaping in addition to the perimeter. That's what would trigger interior parking lot landscaping. And it would be the 10 same standard we have now, the 10 percent of the total parking 11 12 area.

13 One thing that I was suggesting we do a little bit different, currently, we except out, when we are calculating 14 the 10 percent parking area, we don't include the access drives 15 or the ingress/egress areas but in Section 22 we did. 16 So I thought, why don't we just include that and make them do 10 17 percent of the total parking area because it's a little 18 difficult, I think, sometimes to except out those access drives 19 from an enforcement standpoint. It's easy to get a calculation 20 21 on the total parking area and then the total interior, and then 22 it's a little bit more black and white on, okay, what are we taking out or what are we allowed to include or not include? 23

So we just looked at the whole parking area and whatever that square footage is, take 10 percent of that and that's the amount of interior, I think, would be a little bit easier from an enforcement standpoint. I don't think it would really bump up the number that much than what we currently require. Do you think it would?

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MR. BULLARD: No, I don't think it would. It is

going to depend on the layout. Like, if you have a business where they have a long driveway, then it would be bumped up -going to the rear of the building. That's when you have, you have difficulty. They have to show some kind of buffering at some point. But when you have a long driveway, you are going to have to put the snow somewhere in northeast Ohio. That's where your green space is going to be during the winter.

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MS. FREEMAN: Yeah.

9 MR. BULLARD: So you are going to need someplace to
10 throw it anyways. So it's, if they want to build it, they will
11 figure it out.

MS. FREEMAN: And moving down that, like, C would be 12 13 if we were going to require them to do the landscape strips between abutting rows, like, the 20 foot wide, we would count 14 that as part of the interior parking lot landscaping. And then 15 if they needed additional interior parking lot landscaping, 16 then they could provide it in islands, like, at the end rows or 17 whatever logical form, place that they felt worked good for 18 their site, instead of dictating between every ten spots, 19 giving them that flexibility of what works best for the 20 21 specific site.

And then keeping the same standards we have right now as far as the minimum, minimum width or length of any area in that, it can't be lower than 5 feet in any direction when you're measuring those landscape islands. And then if those --Within the landscape islands, we still are going to have that requirement of providing that shade tree per -- based on the number of parking spaces that are in the parking lot.

29 And then the same regulations for using vegetative 30 grass or other low-level plant material. Obviously, if they're going to do bioretention in there, they would do the plant material that's suitable for that type of structure that was designed for stormwater management. We wouldn't know what that would be. I don't think we would specify what those plants would be. That would be approved as part of their plan through the Soil and Water Conservation District and the Stormwater Management Department.

8 And then just the last thing I have for tonight 9 was -- We, kind of, already touched base on the shared parking. Flip back to the first page. We currently allow deferred 10 construction of required parking spaces, and it requires a 11 variance to go to the Board of Zoning Appeals. And you can not 12 13 construct up to 30 percent of the required parking area. I was feeling like, if we went through the site plan review process 14 and we've got a site plan in front of the Zoning Commission, we 15 may want to consider allowing the board that's actually 16 reviewing the site plan, to allow them to defer the 17 construction of some of the parking areas. 18 So if it's in front 19 of the Zoning Commission, you would be allowed to do that, or if it was in front of the Zoning Commission (sic.), they could. 20 21 So it was by right versus by variance.

22 But with that, I felt like we would need to provide 23 some additional safeguards in order to cover the Township in 24 case that they -- that we needed that parking, that we needed them to build it out. So marked in red here are changes that I 25 26 was proposing, so the main one being it could be an approved 27 deferment by right with the board that's reviewing it. And 28 then just specifying that any area that is set aside for deferred, for future parking, that would be considered part of 29 30 the impervious surface area when calculating the lot coverage.

So, currently, in the commercial districts, you can't 1 -- it's a 70 percent lot coverage. You can't exceed that. 2 So if you are going to defer some of that parking, we want to make 3 sure that we're including that in that number. That way, they 4 don't go over if they end up building it. And then we also 5 want to make sure that they're building their stormwater 6 management facilities under the assumption that all of that 7 8 parking is going to be created.

9 And then just specifying that we want to see, on the actual site plan that we're approving, the actual location and the layout of that area with the annotation that this is deferred parking and that it will be constructed according to the Zoning Resolution in the event that the zoning inspector makes a finding that the parking is necessary.

This all has to be reviewed by legal, too. So I 15 don't know if she'll be on board with that kind of discretion 16 17 or not. But you might give the zoning inspector a little bit too much discretion, now that I am thinking about it. 18 But if it's determined that the parking needs to be built, kind of, 19 came up with a -- looking at some other existing communities, 20 21 their process in doing that, you send a certified letter. 22 Within three months, you've got to construct the parking as per 23 the site plan. That just, you know, gives some time frame. As 24 it's written today, we don't have any guidelines. Okay. Well, 25 what happens if it's needed? It's kind of up in the air. So 26 I think this would make it a little bit easier to enforce if 27 somebody were to do this.

28 And then the next page, we already discussed somewhat 29 the shared parking and adding some additional guidelines for 30 that if we were going to expand upon that a little bit. In

that existing text, 29.08(B) there that's listed, we have some 1 additional regulations that relate to parking areas that talk 2 about when you're -- access drives for parking areas or loading 3 spaces shall be located in a way that any vehicle entering or 4 leaving the lot shall be clearly visible for a reasonable 5 distance from the private or public street. I think this could 6 be better suited in a different section of the Zoning 7 8 Resolution, probably under, if you create that new section for 9 general standards that apply to all the parking areas, these statements should be there versus in this location of parking 10 spaces. This is more geared towards the shared parking and the 11 12 off, off-site parking rather than how you enter and exit a 13 parking lot. MR. SCHINDLER: Yeah. It should be in all of them. 14 MS. FREEMAN: What's that? 15 MR. SCHINDLER: It should be in all of them, no 16 matter what kind of parking or, you know, buildings or 17 location. 18 19 MS. FREEMAN: Right. MR. SCHINDLER: All should have access to clear views 20 21 so they can see --22 MS. FREEMAN: Right. 23 MR. SCHINDLER: -- getting in and out. That should 24 be considered safety. 25 MS. FREEMAN: Okay. So I guess I was anticipating 26 maybe going back, between now and next month, and working on 27 some of the things we talked about, doing a little bit more 28 research. And then I can talk to Heather Elmer, from Chagrin River Watershed Partners, and see if she might be available to 29 30 briefly come to the next meeting.

And then we've got other things that were on this 1 list, too, that we originally talked about maybe we should 2 talk -- consider doing. I don't know if anybody went through 3 and read that in the packet before tonight but some of these, 4 we touched upon today already. I know there -- We kind of 5 talked about the private -- Well, we talked about the desire 6 maybe of some developers to do subdivisions on private roads 7 8 with fee simple lots. So we could start looking at how we 9 currently regulate private roads in the township, either -- I started looking at that a little bit. Like, obviously, in the 10 R-3 we allow private roads. We really don't have any 11 guidelines on them. We could consider adding some additional 12 13 guidelines for them to make sure that they meet the Fire Department's regulations and things like that or --14

But then we also have other regulations that, kind 15 of, allow people to do these shared driveways. A shared 16 driveway, I consider like a couple houses that are using the 17 same drive. We don't regulate that at all. I don't know if 18 that's a safety concern. I don't know if it's something we 19 want to regulate. But we could talk a little bit about that 20 21 next month, if we want to, in relationship to general, like, 22 the R-1 and the R-4 Districts or just like the R-3 or even in, 23 like, the planned, planned unit developments and whether or not 24 we want to allow private roads and fee simple lots in some 25 circumstances or not at all.

26 MR. SCHINDLER: Don't we, because of access to fire 27 and safety equipment with private lots, that we regulate them 28 now. They have to be, at least, wide enough to accept a fire 29 engine and stuff like that.

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MS. FREEMAN: For platted lots on a private road?

MR. SCHINDLER: Yeah. 1 MS. FREEMAN: According to the County, they make you 2 build the road to the same specifications as a public road but 3 they would reduce the right-of-way width. So, like, you could 4 go down on the right-of-way width and just provide additional 5 utility easement on the lots. 6 7 MR. SCHINDLER: Right. 8 MR. BULLARD: But the pavement, supposedly, is 9 supposed to be the same width and standards as if it were a public road. 10 MR. SCHINDLER: 11 Okay. MS. FREEMAN: But, like, we've got private roads in 12 the township that I haven't had any conversations with the Fire 13 Department yet but I was anticipating maybe reaching out to 14 them and saying, "What are your concerns with, you know, this 15 road? Is it a problem? Do we have fire hydrants back there? 16 What are the turn-around issues?" 17 MR. SCHINDLER: Yeah, because you can -- There's a 18 lot of them, of course, in Concord. You go down some of these 19 roads, you see a lot of them. All of a sudden, the driveway is 20 21 so small, it disappears. There is four or five houses back 22 there. Fire equipment could have a rough time not only getting 23 in there but getting back out. 24 MS. FREEMAN: What's there exists. But do we want more of that? And if we do, should we set some standards for 25 26 how they should be done? 27 MR. SCHINDLER: Yeah, I believe, yeah. And I would 28 like to see someone from the Safety Department talk about that a little bit, what they've run into over the years, if 29 30 anything, because, you know, I think it's a good idea. Yes,

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no? 1 CHAIRMAN PETERSON: Oh, that would be a good idea. 2 MR. McINTOSH: Yeah. 3 MR. SCHINDLER: Yeah. 4 5 CHAIRMAN PETERSON: Definitely. MS. FREEMAN: All right. We can maybe start that 6 conversation and see what we may have on that next month. 7 8 MR. SCHINDLER: Okay, please. 9 MS. FREEMAN: Okay. Any other questions or anything 10 else at this point? CHAIRMAN PETERSON: No. Thank you. That's really 11 good because, obviously, these have been developed over time 12 13 and over many years and by many different people. And you kind of look at this with fresh eyes and I like the way you're 14 consolidating it, simplifying it and clarifying it at the same 15 time. So, ultimately, it will be easier to use as a reference 16 by us and by, certainly, the people that need it, the 17 developers and so forth. So good job. 18 19 Any discussion here, guys? Thank you, Heather. Great. 20 21 MR. SCHINDLER: Thank you. 22 CHAIRMAN PETERSON: Okay. The next item on our 23 agenda, if I can find my agenda, is correspondence report by 24 Zoning Commission members. I will start on my right. Andy, 25 anything? 26 MR. LINGENFELTER: No. 27 CHAIRMAN PETERSON: Okay. Rick? 28 MR. GORJUP: Nothing. CHAIRMAN PETERSON: Morgan? 29 30 MR. McINTOSH: Nothing.

1	CHAIRMAN PETERSON: Frank?
2	MR. SCHINDLER: Nothing.
3	CHAIRMAN PETERSON: Okay. No correspondence with me
4	either. So moving on to the next item is the approval of last
5	month's meeting, which was July 5th. Do I have a motion to
6	approve the minutes from that meeting?
7	MR. McINTOSH: Mr. Chair Mr. Chairman, I move that
8	we accept the minutes as
9	CHAIRMAN PETERSON: Okay. Do I have a second?
10	MR. GORJUP: Second.
11	CHAIRMAN PETERSON: Thank you. All in favor?
12	(Five aye votes, no nay votes.)
13	CHAIRMAN PETERSON: Those are done. Okay. Our next
14	meeting will be September 6, 2016. With that, we will adjourn.
15	(Whereupon, the meeting was adjourned at 8:31 p.m.)
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1	STATE OF OHIO)
2) CERTIFICATE COUNTY OF CUYAHOGA)
3 4	I, Melinda A. Melton, Registered Professional Reporter, a notary public within and for the State of Ohio, duly commissioned and qualified, do hereby certify that, to
5	the best of my ability, the foregoing proceeding was reduced by me to stenotype shorthand, subsequently transcribed into
6	typewritten manuscript; and that the foregoing is a true and accurate transcript of said proceedings so taken as
7	aforesaid.
8	I do further certify that this proceeding took place at the time and place as specified in the foregoing caption and was completed without adjournment.
9	I do further certify that I am not a friend,
10	relative, or counsel for any party or otherwise interested in the outcome of these proceedings.
11	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and
12	affixed my seal of office this 23rd day of August 2016.
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14	
15	
16	Melinda A. Melton
17	Registered Professional Reporter
18	Notary Public within and for the State of Ohio
19	My Commission Expires:
20	February 4, 2018
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